

ALL INDIA INTERACTIVE SOCIOLOGY TEST SERIES 2025

Starting 15th December



















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ALL INDIA TEST SERIES

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Is the specialty of Vision IAS. Every year thousands of students utilize Vision IAS Test Series, based on INNOVATIVE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM™ to improve their scores. We take the Test Series with utmost seriousness.



Our simple, practical and focused approach will help aspirants understand the demand of UPSC exam effectively. Our strategy is to constantly innovate to keep the preparation process dynamic and give personalized attention to individual aspirants based on factors like core competence, availability of time and resource, and the requirement of Civil Service Exam. Our Interactive Learning approach (Email / Telephonic Discussion of Experts with Aspirants) will continuously improve the aspirant's performance and move their preparation in the right direction.

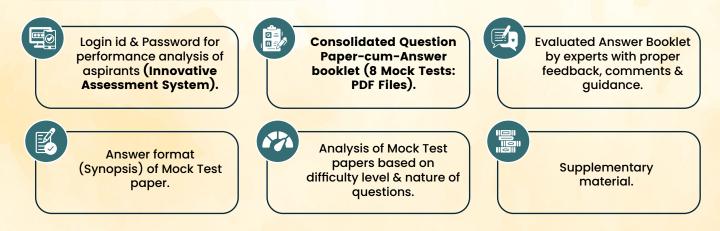




We also give our students the flexibility of personalized scheduling. They can reschedule their tests, based on their study plan for the examination. Further, students can either come to one of our centers to write the tests or can do so at a place of their convenience, and upload the scanned copies of their answer sheets for evaluation.

Number of Mock Tests:	Module No.	Fee Structure (including all taxes)
8	2535	Rs. 11000
Nature:	Flexible- Date of Mock Test: Reschedule on the demand of the aspirants. (POSTPONE, BUT NOT PREPONE) Download Test Papers and material from Vision IAS Online Platform	

WHAT YOU WILL GET:



INNOVATIVE ASSESSMENT SYSTEM:

Static & dynamic Potential of Mock test papers (Scoring Potential), Macro & Micro performance Analysis of aspirants, Section wise analysis, Difficulty Analysis, All India Rank, comparison with toppers, Geographical Analysis, Integrated Score Card, Analysis of Mock Test papers based on difficulty level & nature of questions etc.



- Online/distance learning students can download Question cum answer booklet and approach-answer-analysis of mock test papers from Vision IAS online Platform.
- Question cum answer booklet, approach answer analysis of mock test papers will NOT be dispatched.
- Supplementary material/Reference material/Support material will be provided in PDF format only and will not be dispatched.
- Information related test discussions will be notified on the home page of student's online platform.

DISCLAIMER

- Vision IAS material is for the individual only. In case a student is found involved in any violation of copyrights of Vision IAS material, the admission to the test series will be cancelled.
- The student needs to provide UPSC roll no. and other details to registration@ visionias.in
- > We have **no facility** of **fee payment in cash**.
- > Fee once paid in non-refundable and non-transferable in all circumstances.
- > VISION IAS reserves all rights related to admission.
- VISION IAS reserves all rights to make any changes in test series schedule/test writing days and timing etc., if need so arises.
- > Vision IAS test centers will be CLOSED on THURSDAYS for test writing.

SCHEDULE, CONTENT & REFERENCE

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TEST	Date	Topics covered	Primary (Essential) References)	Secondary (Additional) References
Test 1 [3342]	DECEMBER 15, 2024	 SOCIOLOGICAL THINKERS: Karl Marx- Historical materialism, mode of production, alienation, class struggle. Emile Durkheim- Division of labour, social fact, suicide, religion and society. Max Weber- Social action, ideal types, authority, bureaucracy, protestant ethic and the spirit of capitalism. Talcott Parsons- Social system, pattern variables. Robert K. Merton- Latent and manifest functions, conformity and deviance, reference groups Mead- Self and identity. STRATIFICATION AND MOBILITY: Concepts- equality, inequality, hierarchy, exclusion, poverty and deprivation Dimensions- Social stratification of class, status groups, gender, ethnicity and race. Theories of social stratification-Structural functionalist theory, Marxist theory, Weberian theory. Social mobility- open and closed systems, types of mobility, sources and causes of mobility. POLITICS AND SOCIETY: Sociological theories of power Power elite, bureaucracy, pressure groups, and political parties. Nation, state, citizenship, democracy, civil society, ideology. Protest, agitation, social movements, collective action, revolution. RELIGION AND SOCIETY: Sociological theories of religion. Types of religious practices: animism, monism, pluralism, sects, cults. 	 SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY: GEORGE RITZER. SOCIOLOGY: THEMES AND PERSPECTIVES: HARALAMBOS AND HOLBORN: IGNOU B.A. ESO- 11. IGNOU B.A. ESO- 11. IGNOU B.A. ESO- 14. IGNOU B.A. ESO- 13. SOCIOLOGICAL THEORY: GEORGE RITZER POLITICAL THEORY: O.P. GAUBA & SOCIOLOGY: ANTHONY GIDDENS SOCIOLOGY: THEMES AND PERSPECTIVES: HARALAMBOS AND HOLBORN IGNOU B.A. ESO- 12 	SOCIAL THOUGHT: R. N. MUKHERJEE

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		Religion in modern society:
		religion and science, secularization, religious revivalism, religious fundamentalism.
Test 2 [3343]	JANUARY 12, 2025	 SOCIOLOGY: THE DISCIPLINE: Modernity and social changes in Europe and emergence of sociology. Scope of the subject and comparison with other social sciences. SOCIOLOGY: A GUIDE TO PROBLEMS AND LITERATURE: T.B. BOTTOMORE. IGNOU B.A. ESO-13. SOCIOLOGY: THEMES AND PERSPECTIVES:
		Sociology and common sense. HARALAMBOS AND
10.95		SOCIOLOGY AS SCIENCE: IGNOU M.A. MSO Science, scientific method and critique. -002
		 Major theoretical strands of research methodology. SOCIOLOGY: THEMES AND PERSPECTIVES:
		 Positivism and its critique. Fact value and objectivity. Non- positivist methodologies. SOCIOLOGY: THEMES
		RESEARCH METHODS AND PERSPECTIVES: ANALYSIS: HARALAMBOS AND
		 Qualitative and quantitative methods SOCIOLOGY: ANTHONY GIDDENS
		 Techniques of data collection. Variables, sampling, hypothesis, reliability and validity SOCIOLOGY: THEMES AND PERSPECTIVES: HARALAMBOS AND
		WORK AND ECONOMIC LIFE: HOLBORN.
		 Social organization of work in different types of society- slave society, feudal society, industrial IGNOU B.A. ESO-13
		/capitalist society. > SOCIOLOGY: THEMES > Formal and informal organization of work > HARALAMBOS AND > Ideour and society. > HOLBORN.
		SYSTEMS OF KINSHIP: -002
		 Family, household, marriage. Types and forms of family.
		 Types and forms of family. Lineage and descent
4		 Patriarchy and sexual division of labour
		> Contemporary trends.
		SOCIAL CHANGE IN MODERN SOCIETY:
		Sociological theories of social change.
		 Development and dependency. Agenta of appial obgrass
		 Agents of social change. Education and social change.
		 Science, technology and social change.
Test 3 [3344]	FEBRUARY 9, 2025	A. INTRODUCING INDIAN SOCIETY:) INDIAN PERSPECTIVES SOCIOLOGICAL SOCIOLOGICAL
		 Indology (GS. Ghurye). Structural functionalism (M N

		Srinivas).		BACKGROUND OF INDIAN	ANTHROPOLGY: D. N.
		Marxist sociology (A R Desai).		NATIONALISM:	D. N. MAJUMDAR
		IMPACT OF COLONIAL RULE		A.R.DESAI (Selected	> FAMILY,
		ON INDIAN SOCIETY:		chapters)	MARRIAGE
		> Social background of	>	MODERNIZATION OF INDIAN	
		Indian nationalism.		TRADITION:	IN INDIA: PATRICIA
		Modernization of Indian tradition.		YOGENDRA SINGH (Selected chapters)	OBEROI.
		Protests and movements during the colonial paried	>	RURAL SOCIOLOGY:	
		during the colonial period. Social reforms 		DOSHI & JAIN (Selected chapters)	
	В.	SOCIAL STRUCTURE:) IGNOU M.A.	
	>	RURAL AND AGRARIAN		MSO-004	To Dara land
		SOCIAL STRUCTURE:	>	INDIAN SOCIAL SYSTEM - RAM	
		> The idea of Indian village and village studies-		AHUJA.	
		> Agrarian social structure		IGNOU B.A. ESO-14	
		-Evolution of land tenure system, land reforms.		INDIAN SOCIETY AND CULTURE:	
				NADEEM HASNAIN	
		SOCIAL STRUCTURE:		(Selected chapters)	1 1 77
	>	CASTE SYSTEM:) IGNOU B.A. ESO-	12 A. 19
		 Perspectives on the study of caste systems: GS Ghurye, M N Srinivas, Louis Dumont, Andre Beteille. 		12	
		> Features of caste system.			
		 Untouchability - forms and perspectives 			122
	>	TRIBAL COMMUNITIES IN INDIA:			7-0.8
		Definitional problems.			
) Geographical spread.			
		Colonial policies and tribes.			A
		Issues of integration and autonomy			772
	>	SOCIAL CLASSES IN INDIA:			
		Agrarian class structure.			
		Industrial class structure.			
		Middle classes in India.			
	>	SYSTEMS OF KINSHP IN INDIA:		34 32	
		Lineage and descent in India.			
		> Types of kinship systems.			
		Family and marriage in India.	4		
A CAR CAR		 Household dimensions of the family. 		NAC MO	
		Patriarchy, entitlements and sexual division of labour.		344	
	>	RELIGION AND SOCIETY:		2 Carlan	
		 Religious communities in India. 			
) Problems of religious			
		minorities.			

Test 4 [3345]	, , ,	. SOCIAL CHANGES IN INDIA: Visions of Social Change in India:	SOCIAL CHANGE IN INDIA: YOGENDRA SINGH (Selected shorter)	 SOCIAL ANTHROPOLGY: D. N.
		 Idea of development planning and mixed economy. 	 chapters) INDIAN SOCIETY AND CULTURE: NADEEM HASNAIN 	 MAJUMDAR FAMILY, MARRIAGE AND KINSHIP IN
		 Constitution, law and social change. Education and social change. 	(Selected chapters) RURAL SOCIOLOGY: DOSHI	INDIA: PATRICIA OBEROI.
	>		& JAIN	
		 TRANSFORMATION IN INDIA: Programmes of rural development, Community Development Programme, 	INDIAN SOCIETY AND CULTURE: NADEEM HASNAIN (Selected chapters)	
		cooperatives, poverty alleviation schemes.Green revolution and social	IN INDIA: RAM AHUJA (Şelected	
		 Changing modes of production in Indian agriculture . 	 chapters) IGNOU M.A. MSOE -004. IGNOU M.A. MSO- 	
		Problems of rural labour, bondage, migration.	004. POLITICS IN INDIA: PAUL	
		URBANISATION IN INDIA: > Evolution of modern	BRASS (Selected chapters)	
) Evolution of modern industry in India.) Growth of urban settlements in India. 	CONTEMPORARY INDIA: CHANDHOKE &	
		Working class: structure, growth, class mobilization.	chapters)	
		 Informal sector, child labour. Slums and deprivation in urban areas. 	CONTEMPORARY INDIA: CHANDHOKE & PRIYADARSHI	
	>	POLITICS AND SOCIETY:	(Select <mark>ed)</mark> chapters)	1000
		 Nation, democracy and citizenship. Political parties, pressure 	SOCIAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA:	
		groups , social and political elite.) Regionalism and	GHANSHYAM SHAH (Selected chapters)	
		decentralization of power. Secularization 	 PRINCIPLES OF POPULATION 	
	>	SOCIAL MOVEMENTS IN MODERN INDIA:	STUDIES: BHEDE & KANITKAR (
100		Peasants and farmers movements.	Selected chapters) IGNOU B.A. ESO-16	
		 Women's movement. Backward classes & Dalit movement. 	CONTEMPORARY INDIA: CHANDHOKE & PRIYADARSHI	
		Ethnicity and Identity movements.	(Selected chapters)	- T.4.4.
	>	> Environmental movements. POPULATION DYNAMICS:	WOMEN IN INDIA: NEERA DESAI (Selected	Dr. C

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		 composition and distribution. Components of population growth: birth, death, migration. Population policy and family planning. Emerging issues: ageing, sex ratios, child and infant mortality, reproductive health. CHALLENGES OF SOCIAL TRANSFORMATION: Crisis of development: d i s p l a c e m e n t , environmental problems and sustainability. Poverty, deprivation and inequalities. Violence against women. Caste conflicts. Ethnic conflicts, communalism, religious revivalism. Illiteracy and disparities in education.
Test 5 [3346]	JUNE 15, 2025	Complete Syllabus of Sociology I (Full Length Test)
Test 6 [3347]	JUNE 29, 2025	Complete syllabus of Sociology Paper II (Full Length Test)
Test 7 [3348]	JULY 13, 2025	Complete Syllabus of Sociology I (Full Length Test)
Test 8 [3349]	JULY 27, 2025	Complete s <mark>y</mark> llabus of Sociology Paper II (Full Length Test)



Answer writing skill development, Structure & presentation of answer, How to present facts, information & knowledge in the answer, Understanding actual requirement (key words, Context & Content) of the UPSC in the different types of questions and how the questions should be attempted for good score (strategy & approach), Understanding your current preparedness & required action plans and framing your mind towards actual pattern, toughness and timing of the actual UPSC Examination.

PHILOSOPHY:



The pattern of UPSC Mains exam is very dynamic and unpredictable. Therefore Mock Test papers should be designed based on latest pattern of UPSC.

UPSC CRITERIA:

Criteria for assessment of candidate performance in the written IAS exam as per UPSC instruction:

"The main Examination is intended to assess the overall intellectual traits and depth of understanding of candidates rather than merely the range of their information and memory". -Union Public Service Commission (UPSC)

METHODOLOGY:

Methodology for evaluation of Answer sheet: Our expert will evaluate aspirant's answer sheet on following indicators using their experience in the field of UPSC.

EVALUATION INDICATORS
1. Contextual Competence
2. Content Competence
3. Language Competence
4. Introduction Competence
5. Structure - Presentation Competence
6. Conclusion Competence
MARKS

Score: Scale: 1- 5:



Total Marks in the question has been given on proper consideration of weightage of every evaluation indicators based on nature of the questions and UPSC experience of the expert.

The score of every indicator for any question will highlight candidate's competence performance (for understanding of the level of quality of the question and required action plans).

BASIC UNDERSTANDING OF FOLLOWING DESIGNED COMPETENCIES:



Contextual Competence:

Understanding the main demand/theme of the question i.e. comprehensive understanding of the context in which the question is framed and Streamlining the answer by focusing on 'Key words' & 'Tail words' in the question like Elucidate, Explain, Comment, Examine, Critically Examine, Discuss, Analyze, Illustrate, Review, Argue, Justify etc.



Content Competence:

Writing the answer relevant to the contextual understanding and alignment of the question and accordingly substantiate through examples, facts, data, arguments, critical analysis, etc.



Language Competence:

- > Organising the content in proper sentence formation and simple expression.
- Appropriate and right usage of technical words required to maintain word limit and timely completion of the question.



Introduction Competence:

Effective and relevant beginning required to give a head-start to the answer by either giving the background, data, current news associated, etc.



Structure - Presentation Competence:

- Organising the content in accordance with the different parts of the question in order to maintain required connectivity and flow in the answer.
- Using headings and sub-headings, bullet points, flowchart, diagram, etc. to present the content effectively.



Conclusion Competence:

Ending the answer by concluding remarks by suggesting a way forward, innovative solution, incorporating different views/perspectives in a balanced manner.

